

Table 1: Demographics and clinical characteristics of the four children with tracheal bronchus and three children with congenital subglottic stenosis, diagnosed during rigid bronchoscopy for suspected or confirmed food choking or foreign body aspiration.

Anomaly type	Sex	Age (month)	Previous symptom	Location/side	Associated Anomalies
TB	Female	14	Recurrent bronchitis and lower RTI	Right	None
TB	Male	24	None	Right	None
TB	Male	42	None	Right	PDA and AV septal defect
TB	Female	60	Croup	Right	None
CSS	Female	11	Suspected FC	Subglottic area	None
CSS	Male	8	Sudden onset respiratory distress	Subglottic area	None
CSS	Female	13	Sudden onset respiratory distress	Subglottic area	None

TB: tracheal bronchus, CSS: congenital subglottic stenosis, RTI: Respiratory tract infection, PDA: patent ductus arteriosus, AV: Atrioventricular, FC: food choking.