

**Table 1:** Comparison of sex, age, mean hemoglobin, platelet count, international normalized ratio, and time of surgery between the case and control groups, which included randomly allocated patients undergoing coronary artery bypass grafting surgery.

	<b>Controls</b>	<b>Cases</b>	<b>p-value</b>
<b>Sex</b>	M: 19, F: 7	M: 16, F: 10	0.204
<b>Age (years)</b>	59.8 ± 10.3	55.9 ± 9.6	0.167
<b>Hemoglobin (mg/dL)</b>	13.7 ± 1.9	13.2 ± 2.0	0.339
<b>Platelets (×100,000)</b>	238 ± 48	245 ± 54	0.558
<b>INR</b>	1.0 ± 0.09	1.0 ± 0.15	0.359
<b>Time of surgery</b>	4.5 ± 1.2	5.1 ± 1.2	0.09
<b>Comorbidities</b>			
Hyperlipidemia	16	10	
Hypertension	12	11	
Diabetes	19	10	
Myocardial Infarction	6	0	
Renal Disease	1	0	
<b>Number of patients per graft number</b>			
5 grafts	1 (3.8 %)	2 (7.7 %)	
4 grafts	8 (31.8 %)	10 (38.5 %)	
3 grafts	12 (46.2 %)	10 (38.5 %)	
2 grafts	5 (19.2 %)	3 (11.5 %)	
1 graft	0	1 (3.8 %)	

Values are presented as means ± standard deviation, or absolute values with percentage in brackets. A p-value <0.05 is considered statistically significant. M: male, F: female, INR: international normalized ratio.