

Table 1: The demographic and socio-economic characteristics of citizens participated in the two survey streams in March and October 2017.

Characteristics	March 2017 (n1: 1,002)	October 2017 (n2: 1,001)	p value	Total Sample (n: 2,003)
Sex				
Male	492 (49.1)	484 (48.4)	0.737	976 (48.7)
Female	510 (50.9)	517 (51.6)		
Age				
18-24 years	98 (9.8)	100 (10.0)	0.034	198 (9.9)
25-39 years	212 (21.2)	260 (26.0)		472 (23.6)
40-54 years	287 (28.6)	261 (26.1)		548 (27.4)
55-64 years	204 (20.4)	166 (16.6)		370 (18.5)
65 years and up	201 (20.1)	214 (21.4)		415 (20.7)
Educational status				
Up to mandatory	555 (55.5)	520 (52.0)	0.116	1,075 (53.7)
Higher than mandatory	445 (44.5)	480 (48.0)		925 (46.3)
Place of residence				
Urban	737 (73.6)	759 (75.8)	0.242	1496 (74.7)
Rural	265 (26.4)	242 (24.2)		507 (25.3)
Net monthly personal income (in Euros)				
0-500€	120 (13.7)	74 (8.5)	<0.001	194 (11.1)
From 500-1,000€	325 (37.2)	287 (33.0)		612 (35.1)
From 1,000-1,500€	226 (25.9)	244 (28.1)		470 (27.0)
From 1,500-2,000€	109 (12.5)	155 (17.8)		264 (15.2)
Over 2,000€	93 (10.7)	109 (12.5)		202 (11.6)
Public insurance Coverage	939 (93.8)	947 (94.7)	0.390	1886 (94.2)
Private insurance Coverage	153 (15.3)	144 (14.5)	0.630	297 (14.9)
Self-rated health				
Very good/good SRH	672 (67.1)	715 (71.4)	0.012	1,387 (69.2)
Moderate SRH	234 (23.3)	224 (22.4)		458 (22.9)
Poor/ very poor SRH	96 (9.6)	62 (6.2)		158 (7.9)

Values are given as numbers and percentage in brackets. Public and private insurance coverage refer to number of citizens with public and private insurance, respectively, n: number of citizens.