Table 4: Hierarchical multiple linear regression analysis of Global health status/ Quality of Life score in relation to demographic and clinical characteristics of the study sample.

Predictors	1" model			Z"" model		
	Standardized betas	t	p value	Standardized betas	t	p value
Gender	-0.085	-0.69	0.491	-0.135	-1.14	0.259
Age	-0.112	-0.93	0.353	-0.193	-1.67	0.099
Marital status	-0.041	-0.37	0.715	-0.021	-0.20	0.844
Place of residence	-0.043	-0.38	0.707	-0.097	-0.87	0.385
Education	0.139	1.22	0.225	0.038	0.35	0.731
Hospital visits during last two months	0.100	0.89	0.376	-0.006	-0.06	0.954
Site of care				0.204	1.90	0.061
Degree of satisfaction from care				0.310	2.69	0.009
R ² adjusted	0.039			0.168		

Categorical predictors were defined as gender (1: male, 2: female), marital status (1: married, 2: single, 3: divorced, widowed), place of residence (1: near hospital, 2: greater area), education (1: higher as college or university, 2: secondary school, 3: primary or no education), and site of care (1: oncology ward, 2: day care clinic).