

Table 1: Characteristics of the cases that were evaluated according parameters as gender, signs of trauma, death/crime scene, causes of death and cerebral/cerebellar distribution/intensity scores of the hemosiderin depositions.

	Case	n	%
Gender	Male	27	51.9
	Female	25	48.1
Trauma	None	36	69.2
	Resuscitation	13	25.0
	Head trauma	1	1.9
	Chest trauma	1	1.9
	Neck trauma	1	1.9
Death/crime scene	Home	39	75.0
	Hospital	12	23.1
	Workplace	1	1.9
Cause of death	Sudden unexpected death (SUD)	11	21.2
	Bacterial pneumonia	16	30.8
	Viral pneumonia	3	5.8
	Fetal Distress Prematurity	4	7.7
	Food aspiration	5	9.6
	Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia, Pulmonary Hypoplasia	3	5.8
	Epilepsy	2	3.8
	Congenital Cardiac Anomaly	1	1.9
	Myocarditis	2	3.8
	Subdural Cranial Bleeding due to Head Trauma	1	1.9
	Metabolic Disease	1	1.9
	Subarachnoidal Cerebral Bleeding due to Shaken baby syndrome	1	1.9
	Mechanic asphyxia due to strangulation with a rope	1	1.9
	Congenital Renal Anomaly	1	1.9
Brain-distribution scores	1	8	15.4
	2	16	30.8
	3	12	23.1
	4	3	5.8
Brain-intensity scores	1	20	38.5
	2	15	28.8
	3	1	1.9
	4	3	5.8
Cerebellum-distribution scores	1	10	19.2
	2	9	17.3
	3	13	25.0
	4	3	5.8
Cerebellum –intensity scores	1	15	28.8
	2	13	25.0
	3	5	9.6
	4	2	3.8